

# On $\epsilon$ -Approximate Solutions for Convex Semidefinite Optimization Problems

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## ABSTRACT

Many authors have studied  $\epsilon$ -approximate solutions for several kinds of convex optimization problem ([1-3]). It is well known that constrained qualifications should be imposed on convex optimization problems to get  $\epsilon$ -optimality theorems and  $\epsilon$ -saddle point theorems for  $\epsilon$ -approximate solutions.

In this talk, we consider the convex semidefinite programming model problem:

$$\begin{aligned} \text{(SDP)} \quad & \text{Minimize} \quad f(x) \\ & \text{subject to} \quad F_0 + \sum_{i=1}^m x_i F_i \succeq 0, \end{aligned}$$

where  $f : \mathbb{R}^m \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  is a convex function, and for  $i = 0, 1, \dots, m$ ,  $F_i \in S_n$ , the space of  $(n \times n)$  real symmetric matrices. The space  $S_n$  is partially ordered by the *Löwner* order; that is, for  $M, N \in S_n$ ,  $M \succeq N$  if and only if  $M - N$  is positive semidefinite. The inner product in  $S_n$  is defined by  $(M, N) = \text{Tr}[MN]$ , where  $\text{Tr}[\cdot]$  is the trace operation. Let  $S := \{M \in S_n \mid M \succeq 0\}$ . Then

$$S^+ = \{\theta \in S_n \mid (\theta, Z) \geq 0 \forall Z \in S\} = S.$$

Let  $F(x) := F_0 + \sum_{i=1}^m x_i F_i$ ,  $\hat{F}(x) = \sum_{i=1}^m x_i F_i$ ,  $x = (x_1, \dots, x_m) \in \mathbb{R}^m$ . Then  $\hat{F}$  is a linear operator from  $\mathbb{R}^m$  to  $S_n$  and its dual is defined by

$$\hat{F}^*(Z) = (\text{Tr}[F_1 Z], \dots, \text{Tr}[F_m Z])$$

for any  $Z \in S_n$ . Clearly,  $A := \{x \in \mathbb{R}^m \mid F(x) \in S\}$  is the feasible set of (SDP).

Let  $\epsilon \geq 0$ . Then  $\bar{x} \in S$  is called an  $\epsilon$ -approximate solution of (SDP) if for any  $x \in A$ ,

$$f(x) + \epsilon \geq f(\bar{x}).$$

When the objective function is linear and the corresponding matrices are diagonal, (SDP) becomes a linear optimization problem. The problem (SDP) includes many important applications in systems and control theory, approximate theory and combinatorial optimization ([4]).

Also, many kinds of optimization problems can be reduced to this problem (SDP). So semidefinite optimization problems have been intensively investigated ([5, 6]).

We formulate a Wolfe type dual problem for (SDP) as follows:

$$\begin{array}{lll}
 \text{(SDD)} & \text{Maximize} & f(x) - \text{Tr}[ZF(x)] \\
 & \text{subject to} & 0 \in \partial_{\epsilon_0} f(x) - \hat{F}^*(Z) \\
 & & Z \succeq 0 \\
 & & \epsilon_0 \leq \epsilon,
 \end{array}$$

where  $\partial_{\epsilon_0} f(x)$  is the  $\epsilon_0$ -subgradient of  $f$  at  $x$ .

In this talk, using techniques in [7, 8], we give  $\epsilon$ -optimality theorems and  $\epsilon$ -saddle point theorems for  $\epsilon$ -approximate solutions of (SDP) which hold under weakened constraint qualification or which hold without any constraint qualification. Moreover, we formulate a Wolfe type dual problem for (SDP), and prove weak duality and strong duality between the primal problem and the dual problem, which hold under a weakened constraint qualification.

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